News

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RESULTS OF PAY SURVEY FOR THE SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA METROPOLITAN AREA

Workers in the San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, California metropolitan area averaged \$21.60 per hour during June 1999, according to a new survey released by the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). Regional Commissioner Stanley Stephenson reported that white-collar workers averaged \$25.79 per hour and accounted for 62 percent of the workers in the area. Blue-collar workers averaged \$16.49 per hour and represented 20 percent of those surveyed, while the remaining 17 percent worked in service occupations and earned \$12.67 per hour. (See table 1.)

The National Compensation Survey (NCS) presents straight-time earnings for occupations in establishments employing 50 or more workers in private industry and State and local governments. It excludes agricultural establishments, private households, the self-employed, and the Federal Government. The survey studied 374 firms representing 1,536,300 workers in the San Francisco metropolitan area, which includes Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, Napa, San Francisco, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, Solano and Sonoma Counties. Nearly 78 percent of those represented worked in private industry.

In the San Francisco metropolitan area, average hourly wages were published for more than 130 detailed occupations. (See table 2.) Among white-collar workers, computer systems analysts and scientists averaged \$37.21 per hour, electrical and electronic engineers \$36.68, accountants and auditors \$25.92, secretaries \$17.21, and bank tellers \$10.07. Blue-collar occupations included electricians earning \$28.92 per hour, automobile mechanics at \$22.29 and truck drivers at \$15.65 per hour. In the service occupations, firefighters earned \$22.50 per hour, cooks averaged \$14.84 per hour, and nursing aides, orderlies and attendants, \$11.15.

The NCS also provides broad coverage of selected occupational characteristics. (See tables 3 and 4.) For example, full-time employees in the San Francisco area averaged \$22.70 per hour, while part-timers earned \$13.44. Union workers in blue-collar jobs averaged \$20.15 per hour; while non-union employees earned \$12.98. Private industry workers at establishments employing 50-99 workers averaged \$17.62 per hour, while those in establishments with 500 or more employees earned \$26.71. Average rates of pay are also available for levels of work within an occupation based on knowledge, skill, independent judgment, supervision received and other factors required on the job. These selected characteristics allow for comparison of occupations with similar requirements.

National Compensation Survey, San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, June 1999 (continued)

Data provided by the NCS may be used by businesses for establishing pay plans, making decisions concerning plant relocation, and in collective bargaining negotiations. Individuals may use such data to help choose potential careers. The NCS is part of a statistical program that will eventually integrate three separate surveys of wages and benefits into one comprehensive compensation program. The survey increases the amount of wage data available to businesses, employees, and the public, and reduces the time required of business establishments responding to BLS compensation surveys

Survey Availability

Complete survey results are contained in the National Compensation Survey, San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA, June 1999, (Bulletin 3100-27). Copies of survey tables are available on the Internet in both text and PDF formats at http://stats.bls.gov/comhome.htm and from the Bureau's fax-on-demand service, Ready Facts, by dialing 415-975-4567 and requesting documents 9570. For further information or personal assistance contact the San Francisco Regional Office at 415-975-4350. Bulletins may be purchased for \$8.00 from the BLS Publications Sales Center, 230 South Dearborn Street, 9th Floor, Chicago, IL 60604. Telephone orders using MasterCard or Visa credit cards are accepted at 312-353-1880 between 8:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Central Time.

Table 1. Summary: Mean hourly earnings(1) and weekly hours by selected characteristics, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA, June 1999

Compensation ourvey, carrinanesco canana c	Total			Pı	rivate indust	ry	State and local government			
	Hourly 6	earnings		Hourly earni			Hourly 6	earnings		
			Mean			Mean			Mean	
Worker and establishment characteristics		Relative	weekly		Relative	weekly		Relative	weekly	
	Mean	error ²	hours ³	Mean	error ²	hours ³	Mean	error ²	hours ³	
		(percent)			(percent)			(percent)		
		,			,			,		
Total	\$21.60	2.6	36.3	\$20.84	3.2	36.6	\$24.69	2.0	35.3	
Worker characteristics:(4)										
White-collar occupations(5)	25.79	2.3	36.4	25.70	2.9	37.0	26.10	2.5	34.6	
Professional specialty and technical	31.83	2.3	36.3	32.26	2.8	37.5	30.82	3.4	33.8	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	35.08	3.6	40.4	36.32	4.1	40.7	28.78	5.1	39.1	
Sales	16.19	8.8	33.3	16.18	8.8	33.3	-	-	-	
Administrative support	15.74	1.9	35.6	15.26	2.3	36.0	17.34	2.5	34.1	
Blue-collar occupations(5)	16.49	4.3	38.2	15.92	4.7	38.2	22.16	4.4	37.9	
Precision production, craft, and repair	21.17	4.3	39.5	20.60	4.9	39.5	25.42	4.4	39.9	
Machine operators, assemblers, and										
inspectors	13.85	5.0	39.5	13.85	5.0	39.5	-	-	-	
Transportation and material moving	15.25	10.6	37.4	14.61	12.2	37.2	18.86	6.2	38.9	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers,										
and laborers	11.31	8.1	35.6	10.78	8.6	35.9	17.69	6.3	32.6	
Service occupations(5)	12.67	5.7	33.6	9.76	4.3	32.7	21.28	4.0	36.6	
Full time	22.70	2.6	39.8	21.99	3.2	39.9	25.57	1.9	39.5	
Part time	13.44	6.3	22.1	12.60	7.1	22.9	17.37	4.8	18.8	
Union	21.66	2.7	36.0	19.11	4.7	36.3	24.21	2.0	35.8	
Nonunion	21.57	3.7	36.5	21.33	3.9	36.7	28.63	8.4	31.6	
Time	21.64	2.6	36.3	20.87	3.3	36.6	24.69	2.0	35.3	
Incentive	19.70	8.2	36.2	19.70	8.2	36.2	-	-	-	

Table 1. Summary: Mean hourly earnings(1) and weekly hours by selected characteristics, private industry and State and local government, National

Compensation Survey, San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA, June 1999 (Continued)

	Total		Private industry			State and local government			
	Hourly e	Hourly earnings		Hourly 6	earnings		Hourly earnings		
Worker and establishment characteristics	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	Mean weekly hours ³	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	Mean weekly hours ³	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	Mean weekly hours ³
Establishment characteristics:									
Goods producingService producing		(6) (6)	(6) (6)	- -	-	-	(6) (6)	(6) (6)	(6) (6)
50-99 workers(7)	17.63	6.7	36.8	17.62	6.7	36.8	-	-	-
100-499 workers	17.77	5.8	36.0	17.54	6.0	36.2	24.29	2.5	31.4
500 workers or more	25.93	2.4	36.4	26.71	3.7	36.9	24.72	2.1	35.6

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

² The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A in the National Compensation Survey bulletin.

³ Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

⁴ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. Wages of time workers are based solely on hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production bonuses.

⁵ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B in bulletin for more information.

⁶ Classification of establishments into goods-producing and service-producing industries applies to private industry only.

⁷ Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.

Table 2. Mean hourly earnings(1), all workers:(2) Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA, June 1999

Transitional Compensation Survey, San Francisco-Oakianu-S	Total			industry	State and local government	
Occupation(3)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
All	\$21.60	2.6	\$20.84	3.2	\$24.69	2.0
All excluding sales	21.97	2.6	21.24	3.4	24.69	2.0
White collar	25.79	2.3	25.70	2.9	26.10	2.5
White collar excluding sales	26.91	2.3	27.18	3.0	26.10	2.5
Professional specialty and technical	31.83	2.3	32.26	2.8	30.82	3.4
Professional specialty	33.49	2.4	34.33	3.0	31.86	3.7
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	35.70	2.1	35.79	2.2	34.47	9.0
Nuclear engineers	32.69	4.7	32.69	4.7	-	-
Civil engineers	34.36	6.3	34.81	6.5	34.06	9.5
Electrical and electronic engineers	36.68	3.9	36.64	4.0	-	-
Industrial engineers	30.78	4.4	30.78	4.4	-	-
Engineers, n.e.c	37.27	2.8	37.27	2.8	-	-
Mathematical and computer scientists	37.30	4.7	37.85	4.9	31.01	7.0
Computer systems analysts and scientists	37.21	4.9	37.79	5.1	31.01	7.0
Natural scientists	27.32	11.3	31.35	9.1	-	-
Physical scientists, n.e.c	32.25	12.5	32.25	12.5	_	_
Health related	29.71	2.5	28.98	2.6	31.39	5.5
Physicians	37.67	19.0	-		55.75	1.8
Registered nurses	30.05	1.6	30.69	1.6	28.44	3.4
Teachers, college and university	44.09	10.3	52.05	18.1	38.77	10.5
Art, drama, and music teachers	32.19	3.0	-	- 10.1	-	-
English teachers	34.91	19.5	24.34	14.2	_	_
Other post-secondary teachers		11.7	30.00	18.0	31.82	14.3
Teachers, except college and university	31.93	5.5	18.38	10.6	33.52	5.9
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	16.26	22.1	10.50	10.0	33.32	5.9
Elementary school teachers	35.38	7.2	21.23	8.2	35.78	7.4
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	33.44	11.4	22.23	17.0	40.38	7.4
Secondary school teachers	36.75	5.2	22.23	17.0	37.50	5.2
Teachers, special education			- 45 00	- 22.7		_
Teachers, n.e.c.	31.48	5.4	15.92	22.7	33.00	5.7
Substitute teachers	14.59	3.5	-	- 44.5	-	- 0.4
Vocational and educational counselors	22.39	5.9	15.95	11.5	23.33	6.1
Librarians, archivists, and curators	25.76	7.9	-	-	27.98	5.9
Librarians	25.76	7.9	-	-	27.98	5.9
Social scientists and urban planners	28.63	8.9	30.19	11.0	24.81	6.2
Economists	30.31	12.2	30.31	12.2	-	-
Psychologists	25.67	5.2	-		24.81	6.2
Social, recreation, and religious workers	19.78	12.6	14.57	20.9	23.61	5.2
Social workers	23.53	5.7	20.61	16.2	24.44	5.1

Table 2. Mean hourly earnings(1), all workers:(2) Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA, June 1999 (Continued)

					State and local		
	T	otal	Private	industry	government		
Occupation(3)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
Professional specialty and technical (Continued)							
Professional specialty (Continued)							
Lawyers and judges	56.52	11.8	58.40	13.4	-	-	
Lawyers	56.52	11.8	58.40	13.4	-	-	
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and							
professionals, n.e.c	28.41	9.4	29.04	10.5	24.78	6.2	
Professional, n.e.c	30.86	4.9	32.01	5.1	-	-	
Technical	25.16	4.4	25.86	4.9	20.93	3.2	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	25.21	6.5	25.14	6.9	-	-	
Radiological technicians	25.98	3.9	25.74	4.0	-	-	
Licensed practical nurses	18.45	3.1	18.12	2.4	19.37	8.0	
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	18.18	5.0	17.88	9.7	18.46	3.0	
Electrical and electronic technicians	22.48	4.7	22.34	4.7	-	-	
Engineering technicians, n.e.c	20.34	6.0	19.90	6.7	-	_	
Drafters	27.45	10.3	27.45	10.3	_	-	
Computer programmers	32.14	6.6	32.08	6.8	_	_	
Legal assistants	21.30	6.2	-	_	_	_	
Technical and related, n.e.c	22.43	4.7	22.83	6.0	20.84	4.1	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	35.08	3.6	36.32	4.1	28.78	5.1	
Executives, administrators, and managers	42.01	4.8	43.21	5.2	33.93	6.8	
Administrators and officials, public administration	31.56	8.4	-		31.56	8.4	
Financial managers	36.57	8.4	36.64	8.4	-	_ 0	
Personnel and labor relations managers	41.70	10.0	41.70	10.0	_	_	
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	41.70	10.0	41.70	10.0	_	_	
relations	48.83	7.2	48.83	7.2	_	_	
Administrators, education and related fields	36.65	7.1	24.51	7.1	40.93	6.6	
Managers, medicine and health	30.75	7.3	30.43	7.7		_ 0.0	
Managers, medicine and health	22.77	8.2	23.58	7.7	_	-	
	46.82	7.6	47.10	7.9	-	-	
Managers and administrators, n.e.c			_	1	- 24.60	6.0	
Management related	26.01	2.6	26.37	2.8	24.68	0.0	
Accountants and auditors	25.92	3.9	26.00	4.2	-	-	
Other financial officers	27.37	8.4	27.72	9.0	-	-	
Management analysts	28.37	4.3	26.96	3.1	-	-	
Personnel, training, and labor relations specialists	25.63	7.6	24.38	10.4	-	-	
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	25.07	5.7	25.04	6.2	-	-	
Construction inspectors	28.39	8.1	-	-	28.39	8.1	
Inspectors and compliance officers, except							
construction	24.50	12.8	-	-	-	-	
Management related, n.e.c	26.51	6.3	27.93	6.2	19.78	14.7	

Table 2. Mean hourly earnings(1), all workers:(2) Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA, June 1999 (Continued)

		A, June 1999 otal		industry	State and local government	
Occupation(3)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
Sales	16.19	8.8	16.18	8.8	_	-
Supervisors, sales	20.35	15.4	20.33	15.5	_	_
Advertising and related sales	24.87	9.9	24.87	9.9	_	_
Sales workers, apparel	8.71	5.8	8.71	5.8	_	_
Sales workers, furniture and home furnishings	9.41	8.3	9.41	8.3	_	_
Sales workers, other commodities	12.42	19.9	12.36	20.2	_	_
Cashiers	10.18	7.1	10.18	7.1	-	-
Administrative support, including clerical	15.74	1.9	15.26	2.3	17.34	2.5
Supervisors, general office	23.20	6.9	-	-	23.41	5.1
Supervisors, financial records processing Supervisors, distribution, scheduling, and	21.43	8.3	21.43	8.3	-	-
adjusting clerks	21.03	8.0	-	-	-	-
Computer operators	20.88	4.8	21.04	5.1	-	-
Secretaries	17.21	3.0	17.02	3.6	17.87	5.2
Stenographers	21.07	13.0	-	-	-	-
Typists	14.47	13.4	-	-	-	-
Hotel clerks	10.31	8.7	10.31	8.7	-	-
Transportation ticket and reservation agents	15.44	20.5	15.44	20.5	-	-
Receptionists	11.62	2.9	11.62	2.9	-	-
Information clerks, n.e.c	12.93	3.3	12.93	3.3	_	_
Order clerks	15.67	5.8	15.72	5.9	_	_
Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	17.93	9.4	17.47	10.6	_	_
Library clerks	15.63	5.9	-	-	16.45	5.4
File clerks	10.70	8.8	10.59	9.0	-	-
Records clerks, n.e.c	14.39	7.4	14.28	8.3	15.08	8.1
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	15.92	4.1	15.64	4.7	17.15	5.9
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	16.50	17.8	-		-	-
Billing clerks	15.47	8.1	14.97	8.8	_	_
Dispatchers	20.76	6.8	-	-	22.77	4.2
Production coordinators	21.50	7.6	21.50	7.6	-	
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	16.22	11.0	16.19	11.4	_	_
Stock and inventory clerks	13.64	7.9	13.47	8.6	_	_
Material recording, scheduling, and	13.04	7.5	15.47	0.0		
distribution clerks, n.e.c	15.68	13.0	15.34	15.5	_	_
Insurance adjusters, examiners, and investigators	16.53	15.4	16.53	15.4	_	_
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	16.84	5.6	16.64	6.4	_	_
Eligibility clerks, social welfare	18.23	9.1	-	- 5.4	19.71	7.1
General office clerks	14.26	3.9	13.78	5.8	15.06	3.1
Bank tellers	10.07	5.9	10.07	5.9	-	
Data entry keyers	12.07	5.7	12.07	5.7	_	_
Teachers' aides	12.50	7.9	8.42	5.9	12.58	7.8
Administrative support, n.e.c	16.55	3.0	15.76	3.4	18.46	3.3

Table 2. Mean hourly earnings(1), all workers:(2) Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA, June 1999 (Continued)

National Compensation Survey, San Francisco-Oakland-S		Total		Private industry		nd local rnment
Occupation(3)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
Blue collar	16.49	4.3	15.92	4.7	22.16	4.4
Precision production, craft, and repair	21.17	4.3	20.60	4.9	25.42	4.4
Supervisors, mechanics and repairers	25.90	8.6	24.49	9.9	_	-
Automobile mechanics	22.29	3.0	22.37	3.2	-	-
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics Electronic repairers, communications and	22.34	6.3	22.34	6.3	-	-
industrial equipment	19.24	12.0	18.98	12.8	-	-
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c	20.08	6.7	18.68	6.5	25.72	8.3
Electricians	28.92	9.8	30.99	6.0	-	-
Construction trades, n.e.c	21.31	5.7	_	-	-	-
Supervisors, production	24.82	6.9	24.82	6.9	-	-
Machinists		5.5	23.53	5.5	-	-
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	11.28	17.2	11.28	17.2	-	-
Inspectors, testers, and graders		18.5	16.68	18.5	_	_
Stationary engineers	25.83	3.4	-	-	-	-
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	13.85	5.0	13.85	5.0	-	-
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	12.95	5.9	12.95	5.9	-	-
Assemblers	16.37	8.7	16.37	8.7	-	-
Transportation and material moving	15.25	10.6	14.61	12.2	18.86	6.2
Truck drivers	15.65	8.3	15.60	8.7	-	-
Bus drivers	15.22	15.9	-	-	-	-
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators Miscellaneous material moving equipment	15.90	12.6	15.90	12.6	-	-
operators, n.e.c	18.88	19.9	18.88	19.9	-	-
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	11.31	8.1	10.78	8.6	17.69	6.3
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	16.26	14.4	-		-	-
Stock handlers and baggers	9.85	5.4	9.85	5.4	-	-
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c		14.6	15.48	14.6	-	-
Hand packers and packagers	7.66	3.2	7.66	3.2	-	-
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	12.11	9.5	11.60	9.8	-	-
Service	12.67	5.7	9.76	4.3	21.28	4.0
Protective service	16.97	17.5	8.95	10.0	25.37	3.3
Supervisors, firefighters and fire prevention	28.73	7.4	-	-	28.73	7.4
Firefighting		6.6	-	-	22.50	6.6
Police and detectives, public service	28.92	4.0	-	-	28.92	4.0
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers.	23.50	7.0	-	-	23.50	7.0
Correctional institution officers	21.82	2.6	-	-	21.82	2.6
Guards and police, except public service	9.00	10.4	8.81	9.8	-	-

Table 2. Mean hourly earnings(1), all workers:(2) Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government,

National Compensation Survey, San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA, June 1999 (Continued)

					State and local	
	To	otal	Private	industry	government	
Occupation(3)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
Service (Continued)						
Food service	8.97	6.5	8.75	7.1	11.67	6.4
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	7.74	10.0	7.74	10.0	-	-
Waiters and waitresses		7.1	6.79	7.1	-	-
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	8.96	12.5	8.96	12.5	-	-
Other food service	9.46	8.2	9.19	9.2	11.67	6.4
Cooks	14.84	14.5	14.54	16.7	-	-
Kitchen workers, food preparation	9.11	6.0	8.93	6.3	-	-
Food preparation, n.e.c		8.6	7.42	8.6	10.40	4.4
Health service		3.7	11.34	3.0	17.83	9.1
Health aides, except nursing	14.28	7.5	13.13	4.7	19.97	12.8
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	11.15	4.2	10.51	3.4	16.24	10.6
Cleaning and building service	10.94	7.6	9.46	6.8	17.08	5.9
Maids and housemen		7.5	9.62	7.8	-	-
Janitors and cleaners	11.12	9.3	9.39	8.3	17.20	6.3
Personal service	14.09	9.9	13.72	17.2	15.23	15.4
Attendants, amusement, and recreation facilities	10.07	16.6	-	-	-	-
Baggage porters and bellhops	8.69	9.7	8.69	9.7	-	-
Early childhood teachers' assistants		8.6	-	-	11.93	8.7
Child care workers, n.e.c	13.72	21.0	-	-	-	-
Service, n.e.c	11.25	9.4	10.39	10.9	-	

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

² All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B in the National Compensation Survey for more information.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a confidence interval around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A in the National Compensation Survey bulletin.

Table 3. Selected worker characteristics: Mean hourly earnings(1) by occupational group,(2) National Compensation Survey, San

Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA, June 1999

	Private industry and State and local government						
Occupational group	Full-time	Part-time					
	workers ³	workers ³	Union⁴	Nonunion ⁴	Time ⁵	Incentive ⁵	
All occupations	\$22.70	\$13.44	\$21.66	\$21.57	\$21.64	\$19.70	
All excluding sales		14.03	21.76	22.09	22.02	16.64	
White collar	26.76	17.17	24.96	26.10	25.92	20.83	
White-collar excluding sales		19.39	25.32	27.57	26.95	16.01	
Professional specialty and technical	32.37	27.01	31.53	31.99	31.84	_	
Professional specialty	34.16	27.90	32.20	34.24	33.50	-	
Technical		21.85	27.66	24.30	25.16	-	
Executive, administrative, and managerial		22.84 8.51	25.81 16.17	36.38 16.20	35.09 14.79	21.60	
Sales Administrative support, including clerical		11.55	17.15	15.04	15.75	- 21.60	
Blue collar	16.73	12.83	20.15	12.98	16.48	17.09	
Precision production, craft, and repair		20.43	23.56	17.85	21.34	18.03	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	13.85	-	17.74	12.26	13.86	-	
Transportation and material moving	15.52	12.19	18.90	10.68	15.21	-	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	11.50	10.17	14.72	8.58	11.32	-	
Service	14.26	8.31	16.56	9.19	12.68	-	

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B in the National Compensation Survey bulletin for more information.

³ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining.

⁵ Time workers' wages are based solely on an hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production bonuses.

Table 4. Establishment employment size: Mean hourly earnings(1) by occupational group,(2) private industry, National Compensation Survey, San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA, June 1999

National Compensation Survey, San Francisco-Oakiano-S								
		ruii-time i	and part-time workers					
			100					
			100	workers or r	nore			
	All							
	private	50 - 99		100 - 499	500			
Occupational group	industry	workers ³	Total	workers	workers			
	workers				or more			
			Mean					
All occupations	\$20.84	\$17.62	\$21.49	\$17.54	\$26.71			
All excluding sales	21.24	17.79	21.92	17.75	26.99			
White collar	25.70	22.07	26.38	22.16	30.57			
White-collar excluding sales	27.18	23.44	27.82	23.79	31.15			
Professional specialty and technical	32.26	28.16	32.69	29.46	34.50			
Professional specialty	34.33	30.10	34.76	32.10	35.98			
Technical	25.86	22.86	26.22	24.18	28.20			
Executive, administrative, and managerial	36.32	31.38	37.50	32.35	41.68			
Sales		16.17	16.18	15.84	17.79			
Administrative support, including clerical	15.26	14.72	15.37	14.92	15.97			
Blue collar	15.92	15.66	15.97	14.43	18.96			
Precision production, craft, and repair	20.60	19.55	20.84	19.31	23.32			
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	13.85	11.78	14.12	13.48	15.21			
Transportation and material moving	14.61	14.00	14.85	11.50	21.64			
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	10.78	10.05	10.86	10.35	12.30			
, 1.1		- 30	- 20	. , ,				
Service	9.76	7.64	10.37	8.87	14.10			

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

³ Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.